Week 8, Day 3

Use equivalent fractions to find percentages.

Each day covers one maths topic. It should take you about 1 hour or just a little more.

1. If possible, watch the **PowerPoint presentation** with a teacher or another grown-up.

OR start by carefully reading through the Learning Reminders.

- Tackle the questions on the Practice Sheet. There might be a choice of either Mild (easier) or Hot (harder)! Check the answers.
- 3. Finding it tricky? That's OK... have a go with a grown-up at A Bit Stuck?

- 4. Think you've cracked it? Whizzed through the Practice Sheets? Have a go at the Investigation...
- Have I mastered the topic? A few questions to Check your understanding.
 Fold the page to hide the answers!



	cr Sheet (Mid)	****
	dition and subtraction Sheet 1	
1. 4538 + 0.2	2. 4538 + 0.03	
3. 4.538 - 0.004	4. 4538 - 0.02	
5. 6.231 + 0.11	 6.231 + 0.101 	
7. 6.231 + 0.011	8. 5.846 - 0.211	
9. 5.846 - 0.13	10. 5.846 - 0.013	
11. 5.846 - 0.204	12. 4789 + 0.001	



Iden	tify the value of the '4' in the following numbers:
(a)	3.407
(b)	4.821
(c)	0.043
(d)	5.104
(e)	48,739
How	many times must Dan multiply 0.048 by 10 to get 48,000



Use equivalent fractions to find percentages. Hamilton Primary school has a £500 grant to spend to improve the outside space. All 200 children were asked to vote for what they would like. 50% voted for a wildlife pond, 25% voted for a climbing frame, and 25% voted for friendship benches. We can use equivalent fractions to help find percentages! 50% is 100 children How can we find equivalent to $1/_{2}$, voted for a 50% of 200? so we can find wildlife pond. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 200. 50 children voted for 25% is a climbing frame and How can we find equivalent to 1/4, 50 for friendship 25% of 200? so we can find benches. $^{1}/_{4}$ of 200.



Practice Sheet Mild Comparing percentages

The following new woodlands have been planted:

Burley Common 100 trees 50% oak, 20% ash, 15% beech, 15% willow

Merttens Meadow 300 trees 20% oak, 20% hazel, 40% willow, 20% beech

Chidgey Common 200 trees 40% oak, 30% beech, 10% ash, 20% sweet chestnut

Holes Hollow 200 trees 25% oak, 10% hazel, 20% willow, 15% beech, 30% ash

Calculate how many trees of each type there are in each of the four woodlands.

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Practice Sheet Hot Comparing percentages

The following new woodlands have been planted:

Burley Common 100 trees 50% oak, 20% ash, 15% beech, 15% willow

Merttens Meadow

150 trees 20% oak, 20% hazel, 40% willow, 20% beech

Chidgey Common

200 trees 40% oak, 30% beech, 10% ash, 20% sweet chestnut

Holes Hollow 120 trees 25% oak, 10% hazel, 15% willow, 30% beech, 20% ash

Calculate how many trees of each type there are in each of the four woodlands.

In Weston Wood, there are 280 trees, as follows: 14 holly 126 lime 84 beech 56 silver birch. What percentages do these numbers represent?

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Practice Sheets Answers

Comparing percentages (mild)

Burley Common has: 50 oak, 20 ash, 15 beech and 15 willow.

Merttens Meadow has: 60 oak, 60 hazel, 120 willow and 60 beech.

Chidgey Common has: 80 oak, 60 beech, 20 ash and 40 sweet chestnut.

Holes Hollow has: 50 oak, 20 hazel, 40 willow, 30 beech and 60 ash.

Comparing percentages (hot)

Burley Common has: 50 oak, 20 ash, 15 beech and 15 willow. Merttens Meadow has: 30 oak, 30 hazel, 60 willow and 30 beech. Chidgey Common has: 80 oak, 60 beech, 20 ash and 40 sweet chestnut. Holes Hollow has: 30 oak, 12 hazel, 18 willow, 36 beech and 24 ash.

Challenge

14 holly = 5% 126 lime = 45% 84 beech = 30% 56 silver birch = 20%

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A Bit Stuck? Answers Linking fractions and division $\frac{1}{5}$ of 40 is 8 $\frac{4}{5}$ of 40 is 32 40 ÷ 5 = 8, so $\frac{1}{10} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 4 \qquad \frac{7}{10} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 28 \qquad \frac{3}{10} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 12 \\ \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 5 \qquad \frac{5}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 25 \qquad \frac{8}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 40 \\ \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 5 \qquad \frac{5}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 25 \qquad \frac{8}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 40 \\ \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 5 \qquad \frac{5}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 25 \qquad \frac{8}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 40 \\ \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 25 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 40 \\ \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ is } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 5 \qquad \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 40 \text{ of } 5 \ \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 5$ 40 ÷ 10 = 4, so 40 ÷ 8 = 5, so ♦ © Hamilton Trust Explore more Hamilton Trust Learning Materials at https://wrht.org.uk/hamilton

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Check your understanding Questions

Is 10% larger or smaller than $1/_5$? Explain your answer with a picture or calculation.

Write the missing percentage in each of the bar models:

	60 children			
Walk	Cycle 50%	Drive	24 childr	en
20%		?	Crisps	Fruit
			75%	?

Now write the numbers of children in each category.

Write 10% of each price, then calculate 40% of each price.



Check your understanding Answers

Is 10% larger or smaller than $1/_5$?

10% means 10 out of 100, or 1 in every 10. 10% is smaller than $^{1}/_{5}$, which is the same as 1 in every 5. Would you rather have 10% or $^{1}/_{5}$ of £100?

Write the missing percentage in each of the bar models:

60 children					
Walk 20%	Cycle 50%	Drive <mark>30%</mark>			

24 children						
Crisp	S	Fruit				
75%		<mark>25%</mark>				

The percentages should total 100.

Now write the numbers of children in each category.

	60 children	
Walk	Cycle	Drive
<mark>12</mark>	<mark>30</mark>	<mark>18</mark>

24 childrer	ı
Crisps	Fruit
<u>18</u>	<mark>6</mark>

Write 10% of each price, then work out 40% of each price.

£3.40£5.10£12.00£9.90
$$f3.40$$
 $10\% = f0.34$ (or $34p$), so $40\% = f1.36$ $f5.10$ $10\% = f0.51$ (or $51p$), so $40\% = f2.04$ $f12.00$ $10\% = f1.20$, so $40\% = f4.80$ $f9.90$ $10\% = f0.99$ (or $99p$), so $40\% = f3.96$